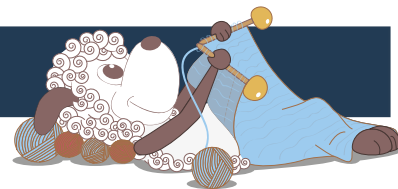


# Sverrigsgade - an cool sweater for kids



Design: Sanne Bjerregaard

*The street Sverrigsgade runs parallel to Hallandsgade and is part of one of the old working class neighbourhoods of Amager. The cobbled street used to be lined with charming old housing association houses painted in many different colours. Fortunately some of these old houses have been preserved and protected. The street was named in 1902 and the old spelling of Sweden (Sverige) has been preserved as well.*

*Lovelier colours and patterns have rarely been seen. The sweater has been designed for boys, but naturally it can be knitted for girls as well. Play with the colours and turn the vibrance up or down depending on the look you want for your finished sweater. If you would like to make an adult version, take a look at the "Hallandsgade" design.*

*The designer has lived on the island of Amager, where a part of Copenhagen is located, for most of her life, so the inspiration for her designs for the Copenhagen collection naturally come from the places on Amager that she loves the most.*

1<sup>st</sup> English edition - August 2020 © Filcolana A/S  
English translation: Signe Strømgaard

## Materials

Arwetta Classic by Filcolana:

Colour A (main colour): (100) 150 (150) 150 (200)  
200 g in colour 977 (Marzipan)

Colour B: (50) 100 (100) 100 (100) 100 g in colour  
352 (Red Squirrel)

Colour C: (50) 50 (50) 100 (100) 100 g in colour 141  
(Alaskan Blue)

Colour D: (50) 50 (50) 100 (100) 100 g in colour 270  
(Midnight Blue)

Colour E: (50) 50 (50) 50 (50) 100 g fv 252 (Chok  
Orange)

- 2 strand of the same colour are held together  
throughout



3 mm, 3,5 mm and 4 mm circular needle, 60 or 80 cm

Optionally 3 mm and 4 mm double-pointed needles (if the Magic Loop technique is not used)

8 stitch markers (the pattern refers to 1 green, 2 red and 5 blue markers – the colours are not important, as long as you are able to tell the different markers apart)

2 stitch holder

Elastic thread (optional)

3 buttons

## Sizes

(2 years/92 cl) 4 years/104 cl (6 years/116 cl) 8 years/128 cl (10 years/140 cl) 12 years/152 cl

## Measurements

Body, chest: approx. (56-60) 61-66 (67-70) 71-74 (75-78) 79-83 cm

Sweater, chest: (64) 69 (74) 80 (84) 89 cm

Total length: (37) 41 (44) 48 (51) 57 cm

Sleeve length: (25) 27 (29) 34 (38) 41 cm

## Gauge

22 sts and 27 rows in stockinette stitch on 4 mm needles with 2 strands of Arwetta Classic held together = 10 x 10 cm.

*If you knit tighter or looser when knitting with 2 colours, the pattern sections might need to be knitted on a different size needles.*

## Directions for knitting

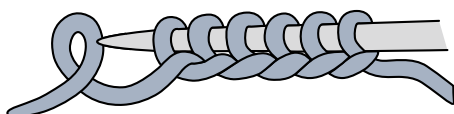
Sverrigsgade is worked from the top down in stockinette stitch. The first part of the yoke is worked back and forth on the circular needle with short rows across back and shoulders. The short rib sections on the shoulder are worked before the yoke is joined in the round and the rest of the sweater is worked down from there.

## Special abbreviations

**M1L (Make 1 Left):** Insert the left needle from front to back under the horizontal strand between stitches, lift the strand onto the right needle, then knit it through the back loop.

### Backward loop cast on

Form a loop of yarn where the working yarn (ending in the ball of yarn) folds over the end of the yarn ending at the stitches on the needle. Insert the right needle into the front of the loop and tighten the loop to form the stitch. Repeat for the required number of stitches.



**M1R (Make 1 Right):** Insert the left needle from back to front under the horizontal strand between stitches, lift the strand onto the right needle, then knit it.

**Sl:** Slip stitch(es) purl-wise from left to right needle.

**Pssso:** Pass slipped stitch over.

**Tbl:** Through the back loop.

## Special techniques

**Short rows - GSR (German short rows):** Work to where the turn needs to be, turn, then slip the first stitch purl-wise with the yarn held in front. Bring the working yarn up and over the needle and down on the other side, pulling hard enough on the yarn to make the stitch on the needle look like a double stitch (the 2 legs of the stitch are visible). Continue row as pattern describes.

When working across the stitch that looks like a double stitch, work it as 1 stitch, either knitting or purling the 2 legs together, as the pattern describes.

## Tip

Avoiding the "jog" when changing colours: Change colour and knit 1 round in the new colour, then slip the first stitch of the first round (the first stitch knit in the new colour) to the left needle and knit through both "first" sts, knitting them together. Do this at every colour change.

## Yoke

Cast on (76) 76 (80) 84 (84) 88 sts on a 3 mm circular needle and 2 strands of colour B held together.

Row 1 (WS): P1, \*p2, k2\*, repeat from \* to \* to the last 3 sts, p3.

Row 2: K1, \*k2, p2\*, repeat from \* to \* to the last 3 sts, k3.

Change to colour A and purl 1 row.

Work (2) 3 (3) 3 (3) rows in rib, ending on a WS (RS) RS (RS) RS (RS) needle.

Change to colour B and knit (purl) purl (purl) purl (purl) 1 row.

Work (2) 3 (3) 3 (3) rows in rib, ending on a RS row. Break colour B.

Change to a 4 mm circular needle and colour A.

Next row (WS): P4 (right shoulder towards back), place blue marker, p1, place green marker, purl (26) 26 (28) 30 (30) 32 sts (back), place blue marker, p1, place blue marker, p12 (left shoulder), place red marker, p1, place red marker, purl (26) 26 (28) 30 (30) 32 sts (front), place blue marker, p1, place blue marker, p4 (right shoulder towards front).

Now work the yoke with raglan increases and short rows to shape the neckline and create a better fit.

Row 1 (RS): K4, M1R, slip marker, k1, slip marker, M1L, k1. Turn.

Row 2: Work short row st, purl to end of row.

Row 3: Knit to marker, M1R, slip marker, k1, slip marker, M1L, knit to short row st, knit short row st, k1. Turn.

Row 4: Work as Row 2.

Repeat Row 3 and 4 another (1) 1 (1) 2 (2) 2 times.

Row 5: Knit to marker, M1R, slip marker, k1, slip marker, M1L, knit to short row st, knit short row st, k2. Turn.

Row 6: Work as Row 2.

Repeat Row 5 and 6 another (0) 0 (1) 1 (1) 2 times.

Row 7: Knit to marker, M1R, slip marker, k1, slip marker, M1L, knit to short row st, knit short row st, k3. Turn.

Row 8: Work as Row 2.

Break yarn. Turn work and join yarn from WS, so you are ready to work from the other end.

### Back and left side of neck

Row 1 (WS): Purl to the last **red** marker, slip marker, p1. Turn.

Row 2: Work short row st, \*M1R, slip marker, k1, slip marker, M1L, knit to next marker\*, repeat from \* to \* end of row.

Row 3: Purl to short row st from previous WS row, purl short row st, p1. Turn.

Row 4: Work short row st, knit to marker, \*M1R, slip marker, k1, slip marker, M1L, knit to next marker\*, repeat from \* to \* end of row.

Repeat Row 3 and 4 another (1) 1 (1) 2 (2) 2 times.

Row 5: Purl to short row st from previous WS row, purl short row st, p2. Turn.

Row 6: Work as Row 4.

Repeat Row 5 and 6 another (0) 0 (1) 1 (1) 2 times.

Row 7: Purl to short row st from previous WS row, purl short row st, p3. Turn.

Row 8: Work as Row 4.

Now work back and forth across all sts, purling the short row sts when getting to them.

Next row (WS): Purl to end of row.

Next row: \*Knit to marker, M1R, slip marker, k1, M1L, slip marker\*, repeat from \* to \* to the last marker, knit to end of row. There are now (124) 124 (136) 148 (148) 160 sts.

Join colour C and work the last 2 rows once more.

There are now 132 (132) 144 (156) 156 (168) sts.

Break the yarn.

Let the sts rest on the needle, while the short rib sections for the shoulder are worked.

### Shoulder rib section – button edge

Pick up and knit sts from the RS along the back shoulder edge with a 3,5 mm needle and 2 strands of colour E. Start at the needle with the resting sts. Cast on 1 new stitch, then pick up and knit (19) 19 (23) 23 (27) sts along the shoulder edge to the neck edge. The first of the sts (after the first cast on st) is picked up by inserting the right needle just under the needle



with the resting sts, in the space between the 1st and 2nd stitch on this needle. The last of the sts is picked up at the very edge of the cast on edge. There are now a total of (20) 20 (24) 24 (24) 28 sts on the needle. Now work back and forth in rib as follows:

Row 1 (WS): P1, \*p2, k2\*, repeat from \* to \* to the last 3 sts, p3.

Row 2: K1, \*k2, p2\*, repeat from \* to \* to the last 3 sts, k3.

Repeat Row 1 and 2 twice more, then work Row 1 once more.

Bind off in rib to the last 2 sts, which are worked as follows: Sl1, k1, pass the second st and then the third st over the first st. Break the yarn and pull the end through the last st.

### Shoulder rib section – buttonhole edge

Pick up and knit sts from the RS along the front shoulder edge with a 3,5 mm needle and 2 strands of colour E. Start at the neck edge and pick up and knit the first st at the very edge of the cast on edge.

Pick up and knit a total of (19) 19 (23) 23 (23) 27 sts along the edge, ending at the needle with the resting sts. The last stitch is picked just under the needle

with the resting sts, in the space between the 1st and 2nd stitch on this needle. Cast on 1 new st in extension of the sts on the needle using the backward loop technique. There are now a total of (20) 20 (24) 24

(24) 28 sts. Work back and forth in rib as follows:

Row 1 (WS): P1, \*p2, k2\*, repeat from \* to \* to the last 3 sts, p3.

Row 2: K1, \*k2, p2\*, repeat from \* to \* to the last 3 sts, k3.

Row 3: Work as Row 1.

### Only size 2 and 4 years

Row 4 (RS – buttonholes): K2, sl1, p1, pssso, yarn

over, k2tog, k1, p1, k2tog, yarn over, sl1, p1, pssso, p1, k1, sl1, p1, pssso, yarn over, k2tog, k2.

Row 5: Work as Row 1, but work k1 and k1tbl in the first and third yarn over, and p1 and k1 tbl in the middle yarn over.

#### Only size 6, 8 and 10 years

Row 4 (RS – buttonholes): K2, \*sl1, p1, pssso, yarn over, k2tog, k1, p2, k1\*, repeat from \* to \* to the last 6 sts, sl1, p1, pssso, yarn over, k2tog, k2.

Row 5: Work as Row 1, but work k1 and k1 tbl in the yarn overs.

#### Only size 12 years

Row 4 (RS – buttonholes): K2, sl1, p1, pssso, yarn over, k2tog, 6 sts in rib, k2tog, yarn over, sl1, p1, pssso, 6 sts in rib, sl1, p1, pssso, yarn over, k2tog, k2.

Row 5: Work as Row 1, but work k1 and k1 tbl in the yarn overs.

#### All sizes

Work another 2 rows in rib.

Next row (RS): Sl1, k1, pssso, bind off remaining sts in rib. Break the yarn.

Now join the yoke in the round and move the beginning of round to the back right raglan as follows: Place the shoulder rib section with buttonholes over the other shoulder rib section, so they overlap and hold them together either with a safety pin or with basting stitches through both layers. From the RS, slip the sts from the end of the needle and to the green marker to the right needle. The green marker now marks the beginning of the round.

Set-up round: Join colour C and work k1, slip marker, knit to the last 2 sts, sl1, k1, pssso, pick up and knit 6 sts along the short end of the overlapping shoulder rib sections by inserting the needle between the sts and through both layers all the way along, knit together the first 2 sts in colour C, then knit to end of round. There are now (136) 136 (148) 160 (160) 172 sts on the needle.

Next round: \*Knit to marker, M1R, slip marker, k1, slip marker, M1L\*, repeat from \* to \* end of round. Now change colours and work pattern according to the chart, while continuing to work raglan increases every other round. Please note the following while working the chart:

Round 8: The raglan sts are worked in colour D and the increases are worked in colour E.

Round 10: The increases are worked in colour E.

Round 22: Work according to chart to the last 4 sts of each section, then work k2tog and then continue pattern according to chart.

Round 24: The raglan sts are worked in colour C and the increases are worked in colour B.

Round 26: The raglan sts are worked in colour A and the increases are worked in colour B.

Continue until a total of (18) 20 (22) 24 (26) 27 raglan increase rows/rounds have been worked. There are now (61) 65 (71) 77 (81) 85 sts on front and back and (47) 51 (55) 59 (63) 65 sts on each sleeve. The raglan sts are not counted. End on a round without increases.

#### **Divide the work**

Divide the sts for body and sleeves as follows: Remove beginning of round marker, k1 (raglan st), remove marker, place all of the sleeve sts **before** the next marker on a stitch holder, remove marker, cast on (3) 4 (4) 4 (4) 5 new sts in extension of the sts on the needle, place marker for beginning of round, cast on another (4) 4 (5) 5 (5) 6 new sts, k1, remove marker, knit to next marker, remove marker, k1, remove marker, place all of the sleeve sts **before** the next marker on a stitch holder, remove marker, cast on (7) 8 (9) 9 (9) 11 new sts in extension of the sts on the needle, k1, remove marker, knit to end of round.

#### **Body**

Continue in the round across the (140) 152 (164) 176 (184) 196 sts for the body, working all remaining rounds of the pattern. The work now measures approx. (19) 20 (22) 25 (27) 33 cm from the underarm. Break the pattern colour and continue only in colour A. Work (3) 3 (3) 6 (6) 6 rounds in stockinette stitch.

Change to a 3 mm circular needle.

Join colour B and knit 1 round.

Work 3 rounds in rib (k2, p2).

Change to colour A. Knit 1 round, then work 3 rounds in rib.

Change to colour B. Knit 1 round, then work 3 rounds in rib.

#### Only size 8, 10 and 12 years

Change to colour A. Knit 1 round, then work 3 rounds in rib.

Change to colour B. Knit 1 round, then work 3 rounds in rib.

#### All sizes

Bind off in rib on the next round.

#### **Sleeves**

Pick up and knit sts with the correct colour for the pattern and a 4 mm circular needle. Pick up and knit (3) 4 (4) 4 (4) 5 sts at underarm, from the centre to the resting sts for the sleeve, work across the resting sts in pattern, then pick up and knit (4) 4 (5) 5 (5) 6 more sts along the sts at the underarm. There are now a total of (54) 59 (64) 68 (72) 76 sts on the needle.

Join in the round and place a marker for the beginning of the round. Work in charted pattern, while at the same time working decreases as follows:

Round 1: Knit (2) 3 (3) 3 (3) 4 sts, k2tog, knit to the last (5) 5 (6) 6 (6) 7 sts, k2tog, knit to end of round. There are now (52) 57 (62) 66 (70) 74 sts on the

needle.

Work (5) 5 (5) 6 (4) 4 rounds.

Next round (decreases): K1, k2tog, knit to end of round.

Work (5) 5 (5) 6 (4) 4 rounds.

Next round (decreases): Knit to the last 3 sts, sl1, k1, pssso, k1.

Continue as established and work a decrease every (6th) 6th (6th) 7th (5th) 5th round, alternately at the beginning and end of the round until there are (44) 48 (52) 56 (56) 58 sts left on the needle.

Work straight in pattern until the chart has been completed.

Break the pattern colour and continue only in colour A. Work 3 rounds in stockinette stitch.

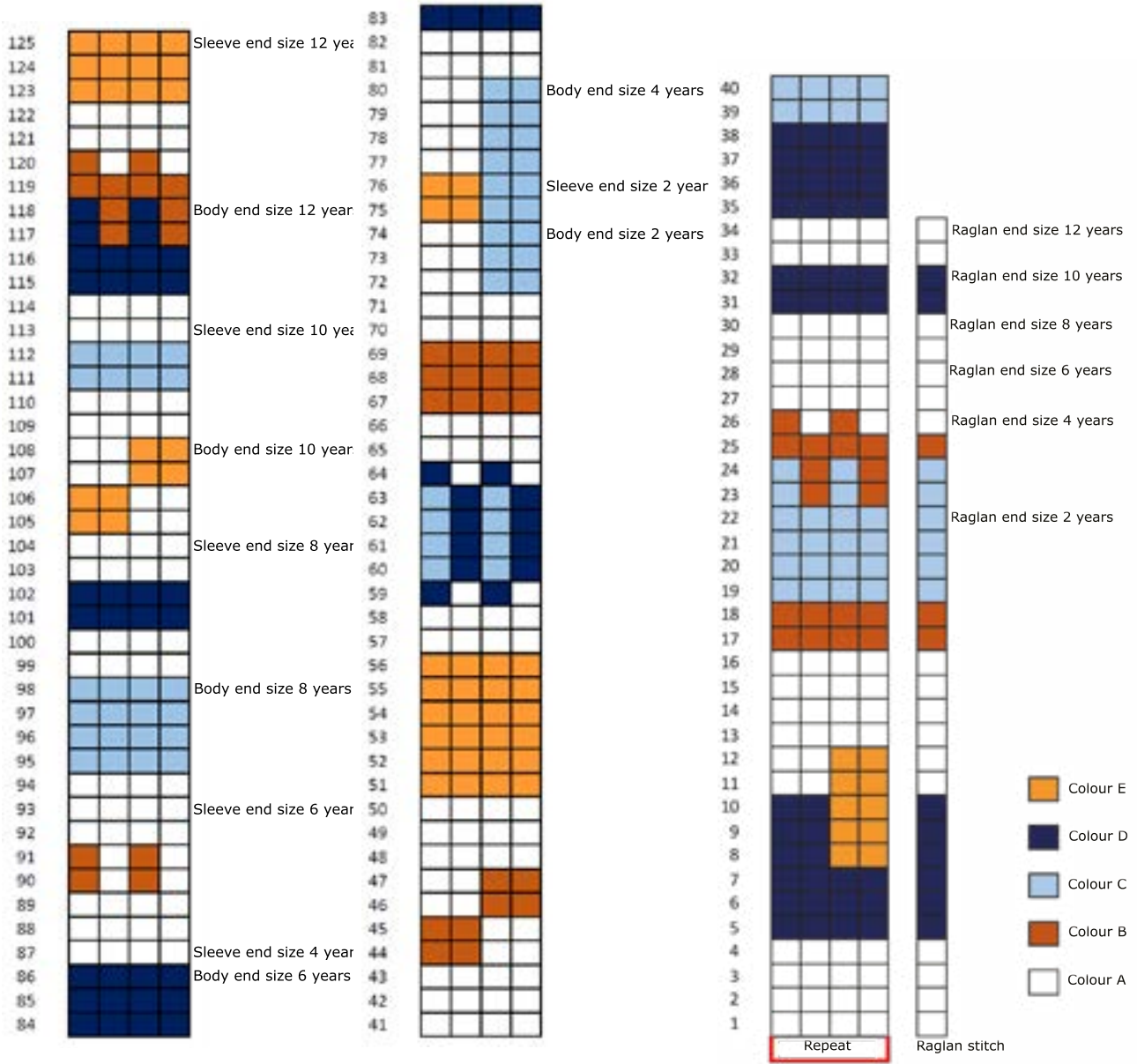
The sleeve now measures approx. (21) 23 (25) 28 (31) 36 cm from the underarm.

Next round: Knit (5) 0 (3) 5 (5) 3 sts, \*k2tog, k1\*, repeat from \* to \* to the last (6) 0 (4) 6 (6) 4 sts, knit (4) 0 (2) 4 (4) 2 sts, (k2tog) 0 (k2tog) k2tog (k2tog) k2tog. There are now (32) 32 (36) 40 (40) 40 sts on the needle.

Change to a 3 mm needle.

Join colour E and knit 1 round.

Chart



Work (2) 3 (3) 3 (3) 3 rounds in rib (k2, p2).  
Change to colour A. Knit 1 round, then work (2) 3 (3)  
3 (3) 3 rounds in rib.  
Change to colour E. Knit 1 round, then work (2) 3 (3)  
3 (3) 3 rounds in rib.

#### Only size 8, 10 and 12 years

Change to colour A. Knit 1 round, then work (-) - (-)  
3 (3) 3 rounds in rib.  
Change to colour E. Knit 1 round, then work (-) - (-)  
3 (3) 3 rounds in rib.

#### All sizes

Bind off in rib on the next round.

Work the second sleeve the same way as the first.

#### **Finishing**

If you have an elongated sts at the armholes, sew these holes closed from the WS. Sew in the buttons across from the buttonholes on the shoulder and weave in the ends so the stripes meet in the transitions without the "jog".

The rib edges are not as stretchy as regular rib edges because of the knitted row/round at each colour change. If you would like a stretchier neck edge a thin elastic thread can be sewn along the WS of the neck edge.

Gently wash the finished sweater according to the instructions on the yarn label, then lay it flat on a towel to dry.

den tørre liggende på et håndklæde.